Memorandum



Subject Interview With

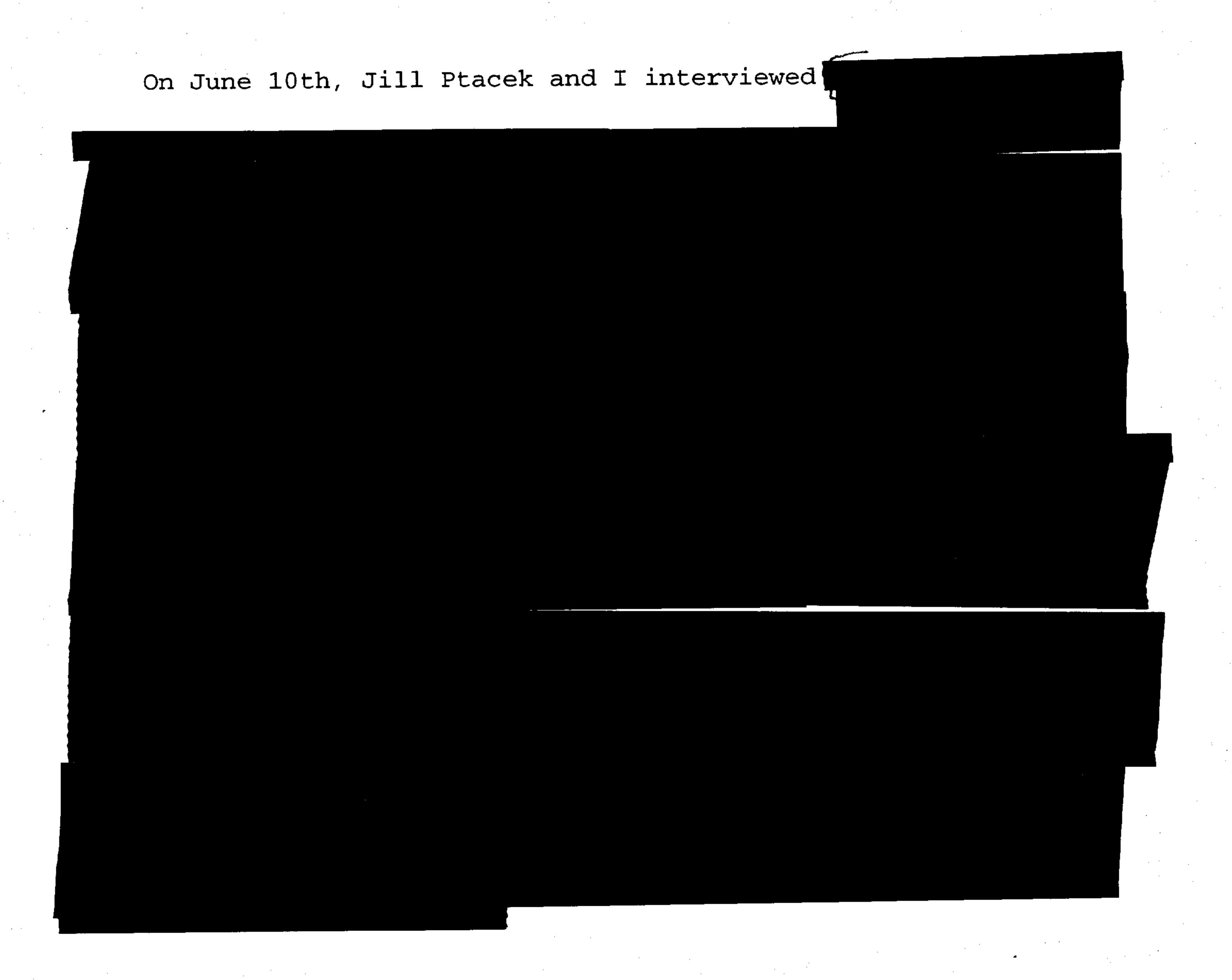
Date June 18, 1996

60-2096-0002

To Frito File

From Nina Hale

by, 670



distribution:

RWF, DNK, HALE, PTACEK, ALEXANDER - EAG, SWEENEY, JONES, BEN-DAVID, CASE, CHRON, ARCHIVE

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we talked then about shelf space. According to one can pay to a square foot to get a product on the shelf. In addition, some accounts have an ongoing fees to retain the footage. has a policy of refusing to purchase shelf space and tries to sell its products in other ways. For example, while refuses to purchase shelf space, the request for shelf fees are not uncommon and are most frequent in

has been successful

According to

insofar as it has not been deleted from any retail outlet, but it has not been able to grow its space where it will not pay fees that are requested.

promotional policy is to offer price discounts so that retailers can pass along temporary reductions to consumers. These price discounts are offered in connection with the use of secondary display space in the retail outlets. A major problem for in this regard is that some of the national competitors have secured permanent, i.e., year-round promotional space, making it difficult for a distributor to come in on a one-time basis and try to get an end cap or a series of bread tables. In addition, the cost of buying an end cap for a year is prohibitively expensive. According to an end-cap represents approximately eight section feet of shelving and in his view, a "foot is a foot" where ever it is located in the store, be it a gondola or an end-cap.

said that his company has not lost any major amounts of space in the last few years. In convenience stores, like grocery stores does not pay for space nor has he received payment for space for existing accounts. However, he does think that new accounts may try to extract such payments.

that most convenience

store chains either have an exclusive with Frito or carry only two providers, when they used to have four to five. Frito is always a given in the convenience stores. This has been asked to leave some convenience stores because their promotional program was not good enough. According to Frito sets the standard and if the competition doesn't meet that standard, then retailers will kick them out.

has a policy of servicing any customer, whatever the size of the drop, even if it is not profitable. This policy has its downside for the company, particularly in convenience stores where there is not much space to begin with. In convenience stores, because snacks are more of an impulse item than even the grocery stores, it's important that your product be at the front of the store.

According Frito has complete dominance of the front-end, high exposure parts of convenience stores. In addition, that his company sometimes has difficulty placing ads, because the promoted price is not low enough.

prices are pretty competitive with Frito Lay. that

Frito's effective prices are higher in the south, when one

calculates in the amount of discounts and rebates. He believes

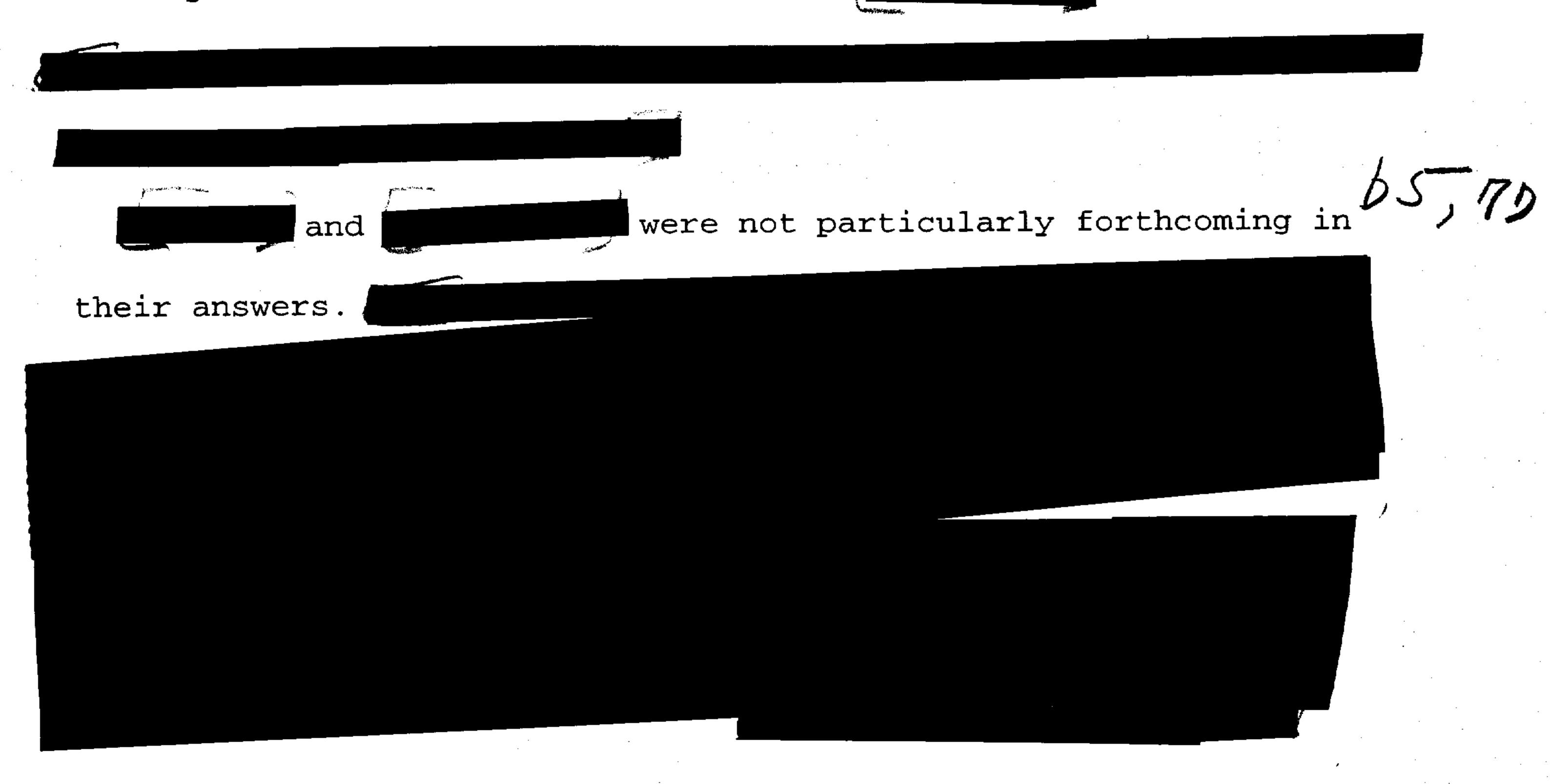
the prices are higher where there is less competition.

promotions on the holidays by Frito-Lay due to an exclusivity arrangement that Frito has obtained, but, the fact of the matter is that Frito is discounting more than can, therefore, it doesn't really matter that the promotions on those holidays are not exclusive.

We asked tell us what his primary competitive concerns are. He identified two. First was the pressure to pay for shelf space. And second, that Frito is discounting too much for to match. For example, Frito is offering a "BOGO" which is a "buy one get one free" arrangement, as well as percent off Lay's every day. These discounts are such that would not find it affordable to do. Finally, he was concerned that the retail outlets want other suppliers to do what Frito does in terms of payment. This puts a lot of pressure on those other suppliers.

not think of an instance in which a store had said that it had an exclusive and therefore could not carry products. He has heard of convenience stores who say they have been approached to enter into an exclusive arrangement with Frito. He can understand how such an arrangement might be appealing for a convenience store because the store itself can afford to be more selective than grocery stores and the store personnel will only have to deal with one supplier's representative rather than several.

Eagle was in some of the markets that serves.



So/So #11512